

Knowledge and Perceptions Related to Trauma Centers and Systems in Georgia Methods and Procedures

Between 24 November and 6 December 2006, a telephone survey of adult residents in Georgia was conducted by the Survey Research Center (SRC), under contract Healthcare Georgia Foundation. The survey was intended to assess the knowledge and perceptions of Georgia residents regarding emergency health care in the state. The purpose of the survey is to determine the concerns and needs of residents for a trauma center system in Georgia. Prior to the study, telephone interviewers attended two three-hour training sessions that covered survey methods, standard procedures of telephone interviewing, the purpose of the survey, an in-depth explanation of the survey instrument, and a practice session. In addition, at least one supervisor was present at all times during interviewing to provide quality control.

The first step in the process of conducting the Trauma Center and System Survey involved the development of the survey instrument. Survey Research Center staff, in consultation with the Health Care Georgia Foundation, developed a 28-item interview schedule designed to determine what residents know about Georgia emergency care as well as their concerns

The design of the study called for conducting 800 interviews from a random sample of Georgia households. The procedures utilized were designed to ensure that all households in Georgia had a near equal chance of being selected for inclusion in the sample. This provision of equal opportunity of selection is a necessary requirement if a probability sample is to be obtained. Bias in response is also minimized, and inferences about the adult population in this region can safely be made from the results obtained in the survey.

Assuming the sampling procedures outlined above produce a random sample of parents, the estimated theoretical standard error associated with the sample estimates obtained ($n=803$), when the population proportion (P) is 50 percent (i.e., a "worse case scenario"), is .0176. In addition, the theoretical standard error decreases as the proportion (P) approaches 0 or 100. Thus, if 85% of the sample provides a given response, the standard error is .0126. The standard errors are derived from the mathematical formula:

$$\text{Square root of: } \quad \frac{P * Q}{N}$$

where: P = the proportion of the population exhibiting a characteristic (i.e., extreme concern that there is no trauma center in Georgia);

$Q = (1-P)$, the proportion not exhibiting the characteristic;

n = size of the sample

Once obtained, the standard errors can be used to estimate the sampling margin of error of the estimates (i.e., the probable difference in results between interviewing the entire adult population of that region versus taking a scientific sample of that population), that extend 1.96 standard error units (i.e., the 95% confidence interval) around that value according to the following formula:

$$P \pm 1.96 * (\text{standard error})$$

Thus, with a random sample size of 803 and a population proportion of 50 percent, the 95% confidence interval for the estimate would be:

$$\begin{aligned} .50 \pm 1.96 * .0176 &= .50 \pm .034 \\ &= 50\% \pm 3.4\% \quad = 46.6\% \text{ to } 53.4\% \end{aligned}$$

The formula sets a 95 percent confidence interval with a sampling error of ± 3.4 percent, and is designed to insure estimates produced are within known parameters of precision (sampling error) and accuracy (confidence interval). Based on this formula, the 803 cases collected are more than sufficient to achieve desired levels of precision and accuracy.

These methods produce a sample that is representative of the population under study. Sampling error is no greater than $\pm 3.4\%$ percent, with a 95 percent level of confidence. That is, if 50 percent of the sample gave a certain response to a question, we can be 95 percent certain that between 46.6 and 53.4 percent of the population as a whole would give that same response. This expected error decreases as the sample proportion approaches 0 or 100.

In addition to sample size, the quality of a sample is determined by cooperation rate; that is, the proportion of contacted members of the original sample who provide an interview. The Response Rate Table details the results of the telephone procedures. Here we see that the total cooperation rate for the study is 46.4 percent. That is, of the 1,729 eligible respondents contacted, 803 yielded complete interviews. Table 1 also shows the final disposition of each of the 8,128 numbers called in the study. Table 2 compares sample demographics with 2000 U.S. Census population figures.

Once a respondent is located and cooperation obtained, standardized SRC quality-control procedures are set in place to ensure that high quality data are produced. For example, SRC Supervisors are assigned to monitor interviewers in progress; thus approximately one-fifth to one-quarter of all interviews are monitored, and any interviewer errors are eliminated.

All manuscripts utilizing data made available through the University of Georgia Survey Research Center should acknowledge that fact as well as identify the original collector of the data. The Survey Research Center urges all users of this data to use some adaptation of the

following notice, with the parentheses indicating items to be filled in approximately or deleted by the individual user:

The data (and tabulations) utilized in this document were made available (in part) by the Survey Research Center of the University of Georgia. Neither the Survey Research Center nor the University bear any responsibility for the analyses or interpretations presented here.

TABLE 1
Summary of Survey Effort

	n	% Category
Interview		
Complete	803	99.4
Partial	5	0.6
Total	808	100.0
Eligible, Non-Interview		
First Refusal	302	13.5
Final Refusal	619	27.7
Non-Contact		
Resp. Never Available	0	0.0
Ans. Machine, No Msg	966	43.3
Ans. Machine, Message	0	0.0
Phys/Mentally Unable	30	1.3
Language Unable	92	4.1
Misc. Unable	1	0.1
Callbacks		
Callback, Resp Not Selected	212	9.5
Callback, Resp Selected	10	0.5
Total	2232	100.0
Busy	143	8.2
No Answer	1577	90.1
Ans. Machine	1	0.1
Technical Phone Problems	29	1.6
Known Household		
Unknown if Eligible: No Scner	0	0.0
Unknown if Eligible: Other	0	0.0
Total	1750	100.0
Not Eligible		
Out of sample	0	0.0
Fax/Data Line	433	12.9
Non-working/disconnected		
Non-working number	118	3.5
Disconnected number	2163	64.8
Technological circumstances		
Number changed	12	0.4
Cell phone	14	0.4
Call forwarding	27	0.8
Not a household		
Bus/gov't/other Organization	543	16.3
Institution	0	0.0
Group quarters	1	0.1
No eligible respondent	27	0.8
Quota filled	0	0.0
Total	3338	100.0
Cooperation Rate		46.4
*American Association for Public Opinion Research COOP3 = Interviews/(Interviews +Partials + Refusals)		

TABLE 2

Sample Demographics

	n	% Sample	2005 US Census
<i>Age:</i>			
18 – 24	43	5.5	13.9
25 – 44	219	28.3	44.1
45 – 64	330	42.6	28.9
65 +	183	23.6	13.1
TOTAL	775	100.0	100.0
<i>Hispanic Origin:</i>			
% Hispanic, Any Race	9	1.2	7.1
<i>Ethnicity:</i>			
White	600	76.8	62.5
Black	163	20.9	29.2
Asian/Pacific Islander	3	0.4	2.7
Native American	----	----	0.2
Multi-racial/Other	6	0.8	5.3
TOTAL	772	98.9	99.9
<i>Gender:</i>			
Male	237	29.7	49.0
Female	562	70.3	51.0
TOTAL	799	100.0	100.0
<i>Marital Status:</i>			
Married	512	65.0	54.0
Divorced	71	9.0	10.3
Separated	8	1.0	2.3
Widowed	70	8.9	6.1
Single	127	16.1	27.3
TOTAL	788	100.0	100.0

Table 10
Sample Demographics

	n	%	%
<i>Education: 2000 Census</i>			
High School Grad or Less	259	32.9	51.8
Some College	247	31.3	24.7
College Graduate	282	35.7	23.4
TOTAL	788	99.9	99.9
<i>Income:</i>			
< \$25,000	82	15.5	28.3
\$25,000 - \$34,999	69	13.1	12.6
\$35,000 - \$49,999	53	10.1	16.7
\$50,000 - \$74,999	120	22.8	19.7
\$75,000 +	203	38.5	22.6
TOTAL	527	100.0	99.9
<i>MSA/Non-MSA:</i>			
MSA	629	78.2	68.6
Non-MSA	175	21.8	31.4
TOTAL	804	100.0	100.0

The Survey Research Center at the University of Georgia conducted the Knowledge and Perceptions Related to Trauma Centers and Systems in Georgia with a grant from the Healthcare Georgia Foundation. Data were generated from a telephone interview of a RDD (Random Digit Dial) probability sample of 803 Georgia residents 18 years old or older, conducted between November 24th and December 6th, 2006. The purpose of the survey was to assess perceptions and knowledge of Georgia residents about trauma centers and existing trauma care systems in Georgia. Estimates based a sample of this size are subject to sampling error of +/- 3.4% at the 95 percent confidence interval. Sampling error is the probable difference in results between interviewing a sample of the population of adult Georgians versus interviewing the entire population of adults in Georgia. Sample surveys are subject to other sources of error such as non-response error and error associated with the wording of questionnaire items. The cooperation rate for the study was 46.4%. The questionnaire and survey results can be found at www.healthcaregeorgia.org.

TABLE 1**Importance and Concern
About Trauma Centers**

Leading Cause of Death:

Cancer	143	19.1
Diabetes	41	5.5
Heart Disease	132	17.8
HIV/AIDS	54	7.2
Infections	31	4.1
Injuries	319	42.5
Other	30	4.0
TOTAL	750	100.0

Importance of Trauma Center Treatment:

Extremely Important	584	72.7
Very Important	183	22.8
Somewhat Important	22	2.7
Not Very Important	3	0.4
Not At All Important	1	0.1
Not Sure	10	1.2
TOTAL	803	100.0

Trauma Center within 30 Minutes of House:

Yes	357	44.4
No	272	33.8
Not Sure	175	21.8
TOTAL	804	100.0

Importance of Trauma Center Compared to Fire/Police Departments:

More Important	258	32.2
Equally Important	461	57.5
Less Important	68	8.5
Not Sure	15	1.9
TOTAL	802	100.0

TABLE 1 (continued)

**Importance and Concern
About Trauma Centers**

Concern About Trauma Centers Closing:

Extremely Concerned	339	42.2
Very Concerned	334	41.5
Somewhat Concerned	111	13.8
Not Very Concerned	8	1.0
Not At All Concerned	5	0.6
Not Sure	7	0.9
TOTAL	804	100.0

Importance of Having Trauma Center in Georgia:

Extremely Important	456	56.7
Very Important	281	35.0
Somewhat Important	49	6.1
Not Very Important	9	1.1
Not At All Important	2	0.2
Not Sure	7	0.9
TOTAL	804	100.0

Concern That Georgia Does Not Have a Trauma Center:

Extremely Concerned	265	33.0
Very Concerned	342	42.6
Somewhat Concerned	155	19.3
Not Very Concerned	20	2.5
Not At All Concerned	13	1.6
Not Sure	8	1.0
TOTAL	803	100.0

Importance of Rural Areas Receiving Speedy and Quality Care:

Extremely Important	463	57.7
Very Important	253	31.5
Somewhat Important	72	9.0
Not Very Important	6	0.7
Not At All Important	1	0.1
Not Sure	7	0.9
TOTAL	802	100.0

TABLE 2
Perceptions of Medical Care and Hospitals

Confidence in Receiving Best Medical Care:

Extremely Confident	122	15.2
Very Confident	279	34.7
Somewhat Confident	264	32.8
Not Very Confident	94	11.7
Not At All Confident	35	4.4
Not Sure	10	1.2
TOTAL	804	100.0

Time to Nearest Hospital:

< 15 Minutes	244	30.3
15 – 29 Minutes	314	39.1
30 – 44 Minutes	150	18.7
45 – 59 Minutes	44	5.5
> 1 Hour, > 2 Hours	18	2.2
2+ Hours	3	0.4
Not Sure	31	3.9
TOTAL	804	100.0

Time to Nearest Trauma Center:

< 15 Minutes	92	11.4
15 – 29 Minutes	158	19.7
30 – 44 Minutes	157	19.6
45 – 59 Minutes	95	11.8
> 1 Hour, > 2 Hours	64	8.0
2+ Hours	38	4.7
Not Sure	199	24.8
TOTAL	803	100.0

Would Want to Go To:

Nearest Hospital, Not A Trauma Center	267	33.3
Nearest Hospital, Is A Trauma Center	161	20.0
Trauma Center, Farther Away	306	38.1
Not Sure	69	8.6
TOTAL	803	100.0

TABLE 3

Paying for Trauma Care

Willing to Pay for Trauma System in Georgia:

Not Willing To Pay Anything	35	4.4
A Dime	20	2.5
\$1	39	4.9
\$5	39	4.9
\$10	90	11.4
\$25	187	23.7
Over \$25	257	32.6
Not Sure	121	15.4
TOTAL	788	100.0

Importance of Public Dollars to Pay for Some Costs of Trauma Center:

Extremely Important	272	34.0
Very Important	247	43.4
Somewhat Important	121	15.1
Not Very Important	17	2.1
Not At All Important	21	2.6
Not Sure	21	2.6
TOTAL	799	100.0

TABLE 4
Funding Solutions
For Financing of Trauma Centers

Increased Fines for Traffic Violations:

Extremely Supportive	313	39.3
Somewhat Supportive	279	35.1
Somewhat Opposed	102	12.8
Extremely Opposed	66	8.3
Not Sure	36	4.5
TOTAL	796	100.0

Surcharge on Auto Insurance:

Extremely Supportive	61	7.7
Somewhat Supportive	174	21.8
Somewhat Opposed	259	32.5
Extremely Opposed	260	32.6
Not Sure	43	5.4
TOTAL	797	100.0

Additional Tax on Guns, Rifles and Ammunition:

Extremely Supportive	327	40.9
Somewhat Supportive	185	23.2
Somewhat Opposed	98	12.3
Extremely Opposed	147	18.4
Not Sure	42	5.3
TOTAL	799	100.0

Increase in Registration Fees:

Extremely Supportive	70	8.7
Somewhat Supportive	247	30.8
Somewhat Opposed	228	28.5
Extremely Opposed	212	26.5
Not Sure	44	5.5
TOTAL	801	100.0

Surcharge on 911 Calls:

Extremely Supportive	78	9.8
Somewhat Supportive	214	26.9
Somewhat Opposed	188	23.6
Extremely Opposed	272	34.2
Not Sure	44	5.5
TOTAL	796	100.0

TABLE 4 (continued)
Funding Solutions
For Financing of Trauma Centers

Increased Insurance and Medicaid:

Extremely Supportive	156	19.7
Somewhat Supportive	281	35.5
Somewhat Opposed	134	16.9
Extremely Opposed	157	19.8
Not Sure	64	8.1
TOTAL	792	100.0

Appropriation of State Funds:

Extremely Supportive	334	42.1
Somewhat Supportive	294	37.0
Somewhat Opposed	39	4.9
Extremely Opposed	60	7.6
Not Sure	67	8.4
TOTAL	794	100.0

TABLE 5

*Importance of Trauma Center Treatment,
By Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very or Not at all Important
Gender:			
Men	96.2	3.0	0.9
Women	96.9	2.7	0.4
Ethnicity:			
White	96.8	2.7	0.5
Non-White	96.7	3.3	0.0
Education:			
High School Grad or Less	97.6	2.0	0.4
Some College	95.9	3.7	0.4
College Graduate or More	97.1	2.2	0.7
Age:			
18 – 24	95.3	4.7	0.0
25 – 44	97.2	2.3	0.5
34 – 64	98.2	0.9	0.9
65+	96.1	3.9	0.0
Income:			
< \$25,000	92.6	6.2	1.2
\$25,000 - \$49,999	100.0	0.0	0.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	100.0	0.0	0.0
\$75,000 +	98.4	1.3	0.3
MSA/Non-MSA:			
MSA	97.1	2.6	0.3
Non-MSA	95.3	3.5	1.2

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 6***Importance of Trauma Center as Compared to Fire/Police,
By Demographic Variables***

	More Important	Equally Important	Less Important
Gender:			
Men	33.2	58.5	8.3
Women	32.9	58.8	8.3
Ethnicity:*			
White	28.0	63.0	9.0
Non-White	48.0	46.9	5.0
Education:*			
High School Grad or Less	45.1	47.4	7.5
Some College	32.0	58.5	9.5
College Graduate or More	23.5	68.6	7.9
Age:			
18 – 24	44.2	51.2	4.7
25 – 44	27.2	65.4	7.4
34 – 64	35.4	56.6	8.0
65+	33.9	55.2	10.9
Income:*			
< \$25,000	50.0	42.5	7.5
\$25,000 - \$49,999	51.5	44.1	4.4
\$50,000 - \$74,999	22.6	77.4	0.0
\$75,000 +	27.3	62.7	10.0
MSA/Non-MSA:*			
MSA	30.6	61.3	8.1
Non-MSA	40.6	48.8	10.6

* p ≤ .05

TABLE 7

***Concern Over Trauma System Closings,
By Demographic Variables***

	Extremely or Very Concerned	Somewhat Concerned	Not Very or Not at all Concerned
Gender:			
Men	79.5	18.4	2.1
Women	86.6	12.0	1.4
Ethnicity:			
White	83.0	15.1	1.8
Non-White	88.9	10.6	0.6
Education:			
High School Grad or Less	87.8	11.0	1.2
Some College	85.4	12.6	2.0
College Graduate or More	81.4	16.8	1.8
Age:			
18 – 24	90.7	9.3	0.0
25 – 44	81.7	16.9	1.4
34 – 64	87.4	10.7	1.8
65+	83.4	14.4	2.2
Income:*			
< \$25,000	85.2	11.1	3.7
\$25,000 - \$49,999	94.2	5.8	0.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	94.3	5.7	0.0
\$75,000 +	82.2	15.9	1.9
MSA/Non-MSA:*			
MSA	85.3	13.8	1.0
Non-MSA	81.5	14.5	4.0

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 8***Importance of Having Trauma Center in Place in Georgia,
By Demographic Variables***

	Extremely or Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very or Not at all Important
Gender:*			
Men	87.7	9.7	2.5
Women	94.6	4.5	0.9
Ethnicity:			
White	91.6	7.1	1.3
Non-White	96.1	3.3	0.6
Education:			
High School Grad or Less	95.0	4.6	0.4
Some College	92.7	6.5	0.8
College Graduate or More	90.2	6.9	2.9
Age:			
18 – 24	95.3	4.7	0.0
25 – 44	94.5	5.0	0.5
34 – 64	91.2	6.7	2.1
65+	94.4	4.5	1.1
Income:			
< \$25,000	95.1	3.7	1.2
\$25,000 - \$49,999	97.1	2.9	0.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	100.0	0.0	0.0
\$75,000 +	89.9	8.8	1.3
MSA/Non-MSA:			
MSA	92.8	5.9	1.3
Non-MSA	91.3	6.9	1.7

* p ≤ .05

TABLE 9

***Concern That Georgia Does Not Have Trauma System,
By Demographic Variables***

	Extremely or Very Concerned	Somewhat Concerned	Not Very or Not at all Concerned
Gender:*			
Men	68.5	23.8	7.7
Women	80.0	17.3	2.7
Ethnicity:*			
White	73.6	21.7	4.7
Non-White	86.2	12.7	1.1
Education:*			
High School Grad or Less	81.6	14.8	3.5
Some College	80.8	16.3	2.9
College Graduate or More	69.1	24.8	6.1
Age:*			
18 – 24	86.0	14.0	0.0
25 – 44	74.8	23.4	1.8
34 – 64	79.0	16.8	4.3
65+	74.6	18.6	6.8
Income:*			
< \$25,000	85.4	12.2	2.4
\$25,000 - \$49,999	85.5	13.0	1.4
\$50,000 - \$74,999	86.8	11.3	1.9
\$75,000 +	72.6	23.4	4.0
MSA/Non-MSA:			
MSA	75.8	20.0	4.2
Non-MSA	78.2	17.8	4.0

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 10

*Importance of Rural Areas Receiving Same Speed and Quality of Trauma Care,
By Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very or Not at all Important
Gender:*			
Men	84.5	14.2	1.3
Women	92.5	7.0	0.5
Ethnicity:*			
White	88.9	10.6	0.5
Non-White	94.4	4.5	1.1
Education:*			
High School Grad or Less	94.9	4.3	0.8
Some College	93.1	6.5	0.4
College Graduate or More	84.2	14.7	1.1
Age:			
18 – 24	97.7	2.3	0.0
25 – 44	90.8	8.7	0.5
34 – 64	90.2	8.5	1.2
65+	90.4	9.6	0.0
Income:			
< \$25,000	96.3	3.7	0.0
\$25,000 - \$49,999	95.7	4.3	0.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	94.3	5.7	0.0
\$75,000 +	87.3	12.1	0.6
MSA/Non-MSA:			
MSA	89.2	9.8	1.0
Non-MSA	93.0	6.4	0.6

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 11

*Confidence in Receiving Best Medical Care for Life-Threatening Injury,
By Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Very Confidence	Somewhat Confident	Not Very or Not at all Confident
Gender:*			
Men	55.5	35.6	16.3
Women	48.1	32.4	19.5
Ethnicity:			
White	50.3	32.7	17.0
Non-White	50.8	35.0	14.1
Education:			
High School Grad or Less	49.8	33.1	17.1
Some College	44.5	36.7	18.8
College Graduate or More	56.0	31.4	12.6
Age:*			
18 – 24	39.5	34.9	25.6
25 – 44	39.8	41.7	18.5
34 – 64	51.7	32.9	15.4
65+	62.6	25.3	12.1
Income:			
< \$25,000	48.8	27.5	23.8
\$25,000 - \$49,999	44.9	44.9	10.1
\$50,000 - \$74,999	52.8	37.7	9.4
\$75,000 +	52.0	32.9	15.0
MSA/Non-MSA:*			
MSA	53.5	33.8	12.8
Non-MSA	40.0	31.4	28.6

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 12

*Importance of Public Dollars Being Used to Cover Cost of Trauma Centers,
By Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Very Important	Somewhat Important	Not Very or Not at all Important
Gender:*			
Men	75.3	16.0	8.7
Women	81.4	15.5	3.1
Ethnicity:*			
White	77.0	17.4	5.5
Non-White	88.8	10.1	1.1
Education:*			
High School Grad or Less	85.7	13.9	0.4
Some College	80.7	14.7	4.6
College Graduate or More	73.0	17.9	9.1
Age:			
18 – 24	86.0	14.0	0.0
25 – 44	81.3	16.4	2.3
34 – 64	80.9	12.3	6.8
65+	75.4	18.7	5.8
Income:			
< \$25,000	82.7	14.8	2.5
\$25,000 - \$49,999	89.7	8.8	1.5
\$50,000 - \$74,999	88.7	9.4	1.9
\$75,000 +	77.4	15.4	7.2
MSA/Non-MSA:			
MSA	79.3	15.8	4.9
Non-MSA	80.6	14.7	4.7

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 13

*Support for Increasing Fines on People Convicted of Traffic Violations
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:*		
Men	68.6	31.4
Women	82.0	18.0
Ethnicity:*		
White	80.6	19.4
Non-White	71.7	28.3
Education:*		
High School Grad or Less	81.2	18.8
Some College	80.7	19.3
College Graduate or More	73.0	27.0
Age:		
18 – 24	74.4	25.6
25 – 44	77.8	22.2
34 – 64	77.8	22.2
65+	79.9	20.1
Income:		
< \$25,000	84.6	15.4
\$25,000 - \$49,999	78.1	21.9
\$50,000 - \$74,999	83.0	17.0
\$75,000 +	77.1	22.9
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	77.8	22.2
Non-MSA	78.3	21.7

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 14

*Support for Surcharge on Auto Insurance Premiums
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:*		
Men	23.2	76.8
Women	34.4	65.6
Ethnicity:*		
White	29.5	70.5
Non-White	37.6	62.4
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	32.9	67.1
Some College	32.9	67.1
College Graduate or More	27.0	73.0
Age:*		
18 – 24	58.1	41.9
25 – 44	31.3	68.7
34 – 64	29.4	70.6
65+	26.6	73.4
Income:*		
< \$25,000	44.2	55.8
\$25,000 - \$49,999	41.8	58.2
\$50,000 - \$74,999	26.9	73.1
\$75,000 +	30.1	69.9
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	30.3	69.7
Non-MSA	34.6	65.4

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 15

*Support for Additional Tax on Purchase of Guns/Rifles/Ammunition,
by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:*		
Men	53.1	46.9
Women	73.7	26.3
Ethnicity:*		
White	65.2	34.8
Non-White	77.4	22.6
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	67.4	32.6
Some College	70.3	29.7
College Graduate or More	65.6	34.4
Age:*		
18 – 24	83.7	16.3
25 – 44	71.4	28.6
34 – 64	65.1	34.9
65+	64.6	35.4
Income:		
< \$25,000	65.8	34.2
\$25,000 - \$49,999	78.5	21.5
\$50,000 - \$74,999	77.4	22.6
\$75,000 +	68.1	31.9
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	69.2	30.8
Non-MSA	61.9	38.1

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 16

*Support for Increasing Annual Registration Fees for Cars/Boats
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:*		
Men	53.1	46.9
Women	73.7	26.3
Ethnicity:*		
White	65.2	34.8
Non-White	77.4	22.6
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	67.4	32.6
Some College	70.3	29.7
College Graduate or More	65.6	34.4
Age:*		
18 – 24	83.7	16.3
25 – 44	71.4	28.6
34 – 64	65.1	34.9
65+	64.6	35.4
Income:		
< \$25,000	65.8	34.2
\$25,000 - \$49,999	78.5	21.5
\$50,000 - \$74,999	77.4	22.6
\$75,000 +	68.1	31.9
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	69.2	30.8
Non-MSA	61.9	38.1

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 17

*Support for Increasing Annual Registration Fees for Cars/Boats
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:		
Men	42.4	57.6
Women	41.4	58.6
Ethnicity:		
White	40.9	59.1
Non-White	45.2	54.8
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	45.8	54.2
Some College	37.6	62.4
College Graduate or More	42.0	58.0
Age:*		
18 – 24	63.4	36.6
25 – 44	41.9	58.1
34 – 64	39.1	60.9
65+	43.8	56.3
Income:		
< \$25,000	48.1	51.9
\$25,000 - \$49,999	47.0	53.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	47.2	52.8
\$75,000 +	39.8	60.2
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	41.9	58.1
Non-MSA	41.8	58.2

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 18

*Support for Surcharge on 911 Calls
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:		
Men	39.9	60.1
Women	38.2	61.8
Ethnicity:		
White	39.5	60.5
Non-White	37.7	62.3
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	41.9	58.1
Some College	41.3	58.7
College Graduate or More	34.1	65.9
Age:		
18 – 24	45.2	54.8
25 – 44	41.4	58.6
34 – 64	39.7	60.3
65+	33.3	66.7
Income:		
< \$25,000	49.4	50.6
\$25,000 - \$49,999	40.0	60.0
\$50,000 - \$74,999	40.4	59.6
\$75,000 +	42.4	57.6
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	38.1	61.9
Non-MSA	41.7	58.3

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 19

*Support for Increased Insurance/Medicaid Payments to Hospitals Providing
Specialized Trauma Care, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:		
Men	62.0	38.0
Women	59.3	40.7
Ethnicity:		
White	61.2	38.8
Non-White	57.2	42.8
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	57.0	43.0
Some College	59.6	40.4
College Graduate or More	63.1	36.9
Age:		
18 – 24	75.6	24.4
25 – 44	63.9	36.1
34 – 64	57.3	42.7
65+	58.0	42.0
Income:		
< \$25,000	61.8	38.2
\$25,000 - \$49,999	62.5	37.5
\$50,000 - \$74,999	67.3	32.7
\$75,000 +	61.7	38.3
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	61.3	38.7
Non-MSA	55.6	44.4

* $p \leq .05$

TABLE 20

*Support for Appropriation of State Funds by Legislature
to Fund Trauma Centers, by Demographic Variables*

	Extremely or Somewhat Supportive	Somewhat or Extremely Opposed
Gender:		
Men	84.6	15.4
Women	87.1	12.9
Ethnicity:		
White	87.5	12.5
Non-White	82.8	17.2
Education:		
High School Grad or Less	87.8	12.2
Some College	88.7	11.3
College Graduate or More	82.6	17.4
Age:		
18 – 24	87.8	12.2
25 – 44	90.3	9.7
34 – 64	84.3	15.7
65+	85.0	15.0
Income:		
< \$25,000	88.2	11.8
\$25,000 - \$49,999	83.1	16.9
\$50,000 - \$74,999	91.8	8.2
\$75,000 +	85.0	15.0
MSA/Non-MSA:		
MSA	86.7	13.3
Non-MSA	85.1	14.9

* $p \leq .05$

**Knowledge and Perceptions
Related to Trauma Centers and Systems in Georgia**

Open-ended Responses

Q1 - Which of the following do you think is the leading cause of death for people between the ages of 1 and 44?

90	Q1	ACCIDENTAL DEATH
702	Q1	THAT'S A BIZARRE QUESTION AND I THINK IT TAKES IN TOO MANY DIFFERENT DEMOGRAPHICS

Q3 - If you or a family member had a serious or life-threatening injury, how important would it be to be treated in a trauma center? Would you say it would be extremely important, very important, somewhat important, not very important or not at all important?

865	Q3	DEPENDS ON SEVERITY
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Q4 - Is there a trauma center within 30 minutes of your house?

4	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL AND EASTSIDE AND GWINNETT MEDICAL
8	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
12	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL AND PIEDMONT MAY VERY WELL BE TOO, I'M NOT SURE
13	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER
17	Q4	ERLANGER HOSPITAL
18	Q4	DOUGLAS HOSPITAL
19	Q4	MEMORIAL; CANDLER
21	Q4	EAST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
23	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
29	Q4	PIEDMONT
31	Q4	REDMOND PARK
34	Q4	HUTCHISON
36	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL
38	Q4	EMERGENCY ROOM. GOOD PEOPLE THERE WORKING
40	Q4	NOT EVEN THIRTY MINUTES
41	Q4	COLUMBUS GEORGIA HAS ALL KIND OF FACILITIES
43	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER CENTRAL GEORGIA
47	Q4	SOUTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
55	Q4	WE HAVE FORD MEDICAL CENTER HERE IN ROME GA.
60	Q4	MILLER COUNTY HOSPITAL
62	Q4	MCG MEDICAL COLLEGE

64	Q4	MINNIE G BOSWELL HOSPITAL
65	Q4	I DON'T KNOW
66	Q4	MEMORIAL
71	Q4	MACON
73	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER OF CENTRAL GEORGIA
74	Q4	MEMORIAL HOSPITAL IN CHATTANOOGA
78	Q4	SOUTH GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
80	Q4	EISENHOWER MEDICAL CENTER
84	Q4	MEMORIAL HEALTH UNIVERSITY
83	Q4	EAST GEORGIA REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
88	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER IN MACON
94	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
97	Q4	ERLANGER HOSPITAL
102	Q4	PART OF THE UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL SYSTEM
103	Q4	ST FRANCIS
101	Q4	GRADY OR NORTHSIDE
104	Q4	GRADY
112	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
114	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER OF CENTRAL GEORGIA
115	Q4	KENNESTONE HOSPITAL
116	Q4	ST. JOSEPH
118	Q4	UNION COUNTY GENERAL
121	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
120	Q4	SOUTH GA MEDICAL CENTER
123	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
128	Q4	URGENT CARE CENTER, NOT SURE OF NAME
130	Q4	MEMORIAL
131	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
132	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
134	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL
136	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
139	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL
140	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL
143	Q4	MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA
144	Q4	MCG HOSPITAL
145	Q4	I'M NOT SURE EXACTLY, I THINK IT HAS SOME TIES WITH MEMORIAL
150	Q4	SOUTHERN REGIONAL
153	Q4	COSSEE REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
156	Q4	GRADY
157	Q4	ERLANGER HOSPITAL
159	Q4	EMORY
164	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL CENTER
168	Q4	EMORY
167	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
169	Q4	I DON'T KNOW THE NAME

172	Q4	NORTHSIDE HOSPITAL
174	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER
177	Q4	TIFTON REGIONAL HOSPITAL
180	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
181	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
182	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER AT PERRY
186	Q4	HUTCHINS MEDICAL CENTER
188	Q4	MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA
189	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
191	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
193	Q4	NEWTON MEDICAL CENTER
194	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
197	Q4	HAMILTON PLACE
200	Q4	ERLANGER AND MEMORIAL
201	Q4	HOUSTON COUNTY MEDICAL CENTER
202	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
203	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
205	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL CENTER
209	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
210	Q4	GRADY IS PROBABLY THE BEST ONE, THE MOST EFFICIENT ONE.
211	Q4	ERLANGER
212	Q4	NORTHSIDE OR ST. JOSEPHS
217	Q4	GRADY, DEKALB MEDICAL
214	Q4	ST JOSEPHS OR NORTHSIDE
218	Q4	WELLSTAR
220	Q4	MACON MEDICAL CENTER
224	Q4	CAN'T REMEMBER
221	Q4	ST. JOSEPH & NORTHSIDE
228	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER IN COLUMBUS
226	Q4	STATILLA REGIONAL
230	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER
231	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
233	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL
234	Q4	COFFEE REGIONAL
235	Q4	BLAIRSVILLE HOSPITAL
240	Q4	FORT MEDICAL CENTER
237	Q4	POLK COUNTY HOSPITAL
245	Q4	WELLSTAR KENNESTONE HOSPITAL
247	Q4	EMMANUEL MEDICAL CENTER
250	Q4	PHOEBE PUTNEY HOSPITAL
252	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL CENTER
254	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
256	Q4	MACON COLISEUM
258	Q4	TANNER MEDICAL CENTER
265	Q4	MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

266	Q4	MEMORIAL HEALTH (30 MINUTES)
267	Q4	KENNESAW
273	Q4	NORTH GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
276	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
281	Q4	HELENDALE
286	Q4	REDMAN REGIONAL HOSPITAL
287	Q4	HUDSON REGIONAL MEDICAL CENTER
289	Q4	HOUSTON COUNTY HOSPITAL
288	Q4	MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
292	Q4	HOUSTON MEDICAL CENTER
293	Q4	ATHENS REGIONAL
294	Q4	EMORY
300	Q4	KENNESTONE
301	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
304	Q4	GRADY
308	Q4	TIFF REGIONAL
311	Q4	I DON'T KNOW
313	Q4	GRADY
314	Q4	ARCHIBALD HOSPITAL
318	Q4	CARTERSVILLE
323	Q4	ERLANGER HOSPITAL
327	Q4	GRADY
326	Q4	ST JOSEPH
331	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
332	Q4	EMORY HOSPITAL IN GRADY CENTER
340	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
341	Q4	WEST GEORGIA MEDICAL
337	Q4	ST MARY'S AND ATHENS REGIONAL
350	Q4	WILKES MEMORIAL
351	Q4	HOUSTON COUNTY HOSPITAL
358	Q4	HUTCHINSON MEDICAL
363	Q4	COLUMBUS MEDICAL CENTER
364	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
368	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
369	Q4	MCG
372	Q4	COLUMBUS REGIONAL HOSPITAL
376	Q4	ERLANGER HOSPITAL
374	Q4	SOUTHERN REGIONAL HOSPITAL
379	Q4	GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
384	Q4	FLOYD MEDICAL
383	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER - COLUMBUS, GA
386	Q4	MEMORIAL HEALTH
388	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL AND DEKALB MEDICAL
387	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER
394	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
395	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL

396	Q4	ERLANGER
397	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
398	Q4	PIEDMONT
405	Q4	THOMASVILLE
407	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL
411	Q4	CANDLER OR MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
417	Q4	GORDON COUNTY
418	Q4	BULLOCH HOSPITAL
422	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
429	Q4	GRADY
430	Q4	HUTCHINSON
434	Q4	MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA
440	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
441	Q4	KENNESTONE HOSPITAL
443	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
446	Q4	ST. VINCENT
448	Q4	NORTHSIDE
451	Q4	ERLANGER
454	Q4	NORTHSIDE
455	Q4	CLANCY MEDICAL CENTER
458	Q4	FLOYD HOSPITAL
465	Q4	JEFF DAVID HOSPITAL
471	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA
473	Q4	HAMILTON
474	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
481	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
485	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL CENTER
486	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER MIDDLE GEORGIA
487	Q4	MEMORIAL UNIVERSITY HEALTH HOSPITAL
489	Q4	EMORY OR DEKALB MEDICAL
491	Q4	PALMYRA
493	Q4	BROOKS COUNTY HOSPITAL
494	Q4	NORTHSIDE
497	Q4	MEMORIAL
500	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
502	Q4	GRADY
504	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER
503	Q4	MEMORIAL
511	Q4	TANNER MEDICAL
512	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
515	Q4	CARTERSVILLE MEDICAL CENTER
516	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
519	Q4	MACON CENTRAL
521	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
522	Q4	MIDDLE GEORGIA HOSPITAL
524	Q4	MARTIN ARMY HOSPITAL

528	Q4	BURKE CO HOSPITAL
527	Q4	NORTH FULTON REGIONAL
529	Q4	MCG
530	Q4	GRADY
531	Q4	HUMANA
539	Q4	CARROLTON
538	Q4	NORTH FULTON
537	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER (MACON)
541	Q4	GRADY
544	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER IN COLUMBUS
548	Q4	SOUTHERN REGIONAL
551	Q4	GRADY
553	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
558	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
561	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER
560	Q4	WEST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
563	Q4	GRADY
562	Q4	PHOEBE PUTNEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
566	Q4	GRADY
564	Q4	HENRY COUNTY HOSPITAL
568	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
570	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
572	Q4	HUTCHINSON
575	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER
576	Q4	GRADY
577	Q4	UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL
579	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL CENTER
580	Q4	GRADY
581	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
590	Q4	EMORY UNIVERSITY
592	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
593	Q4	NORTH GEORGIA MEDICAL
596	Q4	GAINESVILLE NORTHEAST GEORGIA
602	Q4	GRADY
607	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA MEDICAL
608	Q4	TANNER MEDICAL CENTER
609	Q4	HAMILTON MEMORIAL
612	Q4	MEMORIAL MEDICAL
616	Q4	FAIRVIEW
617	Q4	GRADY
621	Q4	GRADY
625	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
626	Q4	ROCKDALE MEDICAL
628	Q4	NORTHSIDE
632	Q4	EMORY HOSPITAL
633	Q4	FORT VALLEY

634	Q4	EAST SIDE
635	Q4	OCONEE REGIONAL
638	Q4	FORD MEDICAL CENTER
639	Q4	MCG
641	Q4	ERLANGER
642	Q4	ERLANGER MEDICAL CENTER
646	Q4	MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER
647	Q4	MCG
648	Q4	GAINESVILLE MEDICAL CENTER
649	Q4	GRADY
651	Q4	GRADY
655	Q4	MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER
654	Q4	ERLANGER
657	Q4	GRADY
660	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
661	Q4	KENNESTONE
662	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER OF MACON
663	Q4	KENNESTONE
664	Q4	HUTCHINSON MEMORIAL, MEMORIAL HOSPITAL, EARLING MEMORIAL
665	Q4	BB PUTNEY
666	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL.
669	Q4	FORT BENNING
671	Q4	COBB HOSPITAL
672	Q4	GRADY
673	Q4	NORTHEAST GA MEDICAL
675	Q4	GRADY
680	Q4	PB PUTNEY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
681	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER OF CENTRAL GEORGIA
682	Q4	GRADY
683	Q4	GRADY
685	Q4	KENNESTONE HOSPITAL
686	Q4	HENRY GENERAL
687	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL CENTER
688	Q4	MCG
690	Q4	HOUSTON MEDICAL CENTER
691	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL CENTER
695	Q4	KENNESTONE
698	Q4	REDMOND
699	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL
700	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
703	Q4	MEMORIAL
706	Q4	REDMOND AND FLOYD MEDICAL CENTER
712	Q4	ST JOSEPH'S
714	Q4	SOUTHEAST GEORGIA REGIONAL
716	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA

718	Q4	MCG
719	Q4	CARTERSVILLE MEDICAL CENTER
725	Q4	SOUTHERN REGIONAL
727	Q4	GRADY
732	Q4	GRADY
734	Q4	MCG
737	Q4	PUTNAM MEMORIAL
736	Q4	NORTHEAST GEORGIA
739	Q4	MEDICAL COLLEGE OF GEORGIA
744	Q4	GRADY
743	Q4	GRADY
745	Q4	GWINNETT MEDICAL
748	Q4	MCG
755	Q4	MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER
756	Q4	GRADY
757	Q4	NORTHSIDE
759	Q4	NORTHEAST GA MEDICAL CENTER
761	Q4	HOSPITAL IN GRIFFIN, GA
764	Q4	HOUSTON MEDICAL CENTER
769	Q4	NORTH FULTON
770	Q4	WELLSTAR TRAUMA
772	Q4	CHARLTON MEMORIAL
773	Q4	NORTH FULTON HOSPITAL
774	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL AND EMORY
777	Q4	NORTH SIDE FORSYTH HOSPITAL
778	Q4	MEMORIAL HEALTH
779	Q4	WEST GEORGIA MEDICAL CENTER
781	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
782	Q4	PIEDMONT HOSPITAL
783	Q4	NORTHEAST GA MEDICAL CENTER
785	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER OF CENTRAL GA
787	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL HOSPITAL
788	Q4	EMANUEL COUNTY HOSPITAL
790	Q4	FAIRVIEW PARK HOSPITAL
791	Q4	OCONEE REGIONAL
792	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
796	Q4	UNIVERSITY HOSPITAL
799	Q4	WELLSTAR
802	Q4	KENNESTONE
805	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
814	Q4	ST JOSEPH
813	Q4	CHATTANOOGA, ERLANGER
816	Q4	THE MEDICAL CENTER
822	Q4	JOSEPH CANDLER, MEMORIAL HEALTH
826	Q4	HENRY MEDICAL CENTER
825	Q4	GRADY HOSPITAL

828	Q4	NORTHSIDE, NORTH FULTON
829	Q4	GRADY
832	Q4	NORTH SIDE HOSPITAL
834	Q4	MEMORIAL MEDICAL CENTER
837	Q4	HOUSTON MEDICAL
840	Q4	GRADY
842	Q4	EASTSIDE MEDICAL
844	Q4	CUMMING
849	Q4	GRADY
850	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
847	Q4	NORTHSIDE OR ST. JOSEPH
853	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
855	Q4	NORTHEAST REGIONAL
863	Q4	DEKALB MEDICAL
864	Q4	GRADY MEMORIAL
865	Q4	COASTAL GEORGIA
867	Q4	MEDICAL CENTER OF CENTRAL GEORGIA
870	Q4	MCG
872	Q4	UNIVERSITY
875	Q4	ARCHIBALD MEMORIAL HOSPITAL

Q11 - *If you had a serious or life-threatening injury near where you live, how confident are you that you would receive the best medical care for your particular injury? Would you say extremely confident, very confident, somewhat confident, not very confident or not at all confident?

446	Q11	IT DEPENDS ON WHAT DOCTOR'S ON CALL AT MY HOSPITAL
782	Q11	DEPENDS ON WHERE I'M TRANSPORTED

Q14 - If you had a serious or life-threatening injury near where you live, would you want the ambulance to take you to the nearest hospital or to the nearest trauma center, even if it is farther away? If you think your nearest hospital is a trauma center, please tell me.

800	Q14	I WOULD GO TO THE HOSPITAL TO BE TRANSPORTED, NOT FOR CARE
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Q15 - *How much would you be willing to pay per year to have a trauma system in Georgia ready to provide care 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, if you or your family were seriously injured? Would you say 10 cents, \$1, \$5, \$10, \$25 or over \$25?

800	Q15	BUT ONLY PER HOUSEHOLD
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Q16 - Payments from health insurance, including Medicare and Medicaid, are not enough to cover the cost of trauma centers. How important is it that public dollars, for example, from taxes or fees, be used to cover some of the costs of having trauma centers that can give specialized care on a 24/7 basis to severely injured people? Would you say extremely important, very important, somewhat important, not very important or not at all important?

782 Q16 IF CURRENT SENATORS ARE INVOLVED THEIR AGENDA IS NOT THE SAME
800 Q16 I THINK WE SHOULD EARMARK MONEY THAT WE'RE ALREADY PAYING FOR THIS

Q25 - Appropriation of state funds by the Georgia legislature

846 Q25 I WOULD SUPPORT A SALES TAX

Q29 - What race do you consider yourself to be?

25 Q29 AMERICAN
122 Q29 BORN IN JAMAICA, GREW UP IN HAITI
153 Q29 HALF CAUCASIAN-HALF FILIPINO
422 Q29 BLACK, CARIBBEAN

END NOTES:

673 END TRAUMA CENTERS SHOULD BE FUNDED BY THE STATE AND THEY SHOULDN'T TURN PATIENTS AWAY REGARDLESS OF THEIR INSURANCE COVERAGE OR AGE.
739 END THE QUESTIONS ARE WAY TOO LONG AND TOO HARD TO REMEMBER.
689 END I DON'T THINK THAT THE GOVERNMENT SHOULD CHARGE THE PEOPLE WITH INCREASES... THEY SHOULD TAKE MONEY FROM THE TAXES THAT WE ALREADY PAY TO FUND TRAUMA SYSTEMS. JUST DON'T TAKE IT FROM EDUCATION OR HOMELAND SECURITY.
537 END WE'RE NOT HAPPY W/ OUR 9-1-1 SYSTEM HERE! YOU DON'T WANT TO KNOW WHAT I HAVE TO SAY ABOUT THEM. THEY HAVE NO IDEA WHERE 3/4 OF THE COUNTY IS LOCATED!